

S

Name(s) as shown on your California tax return	SSN, ITIN, or FEIN

(a) Income item(s) description	(b) Double-taxed income taxable by California	(c) Double-taxed income taxable by other state

1 Total double-taxed income

2 California tax liability. See instructions	2	00
3 Double-taxed income taxable by California. Enter the amount from Part I, line 1, column (b)	3	00
4 California adjusted gross income. See instructions.	4	00
5 Divide line 3 by line 4 (100% maximum)	5	%
6 Multiply line 2 by the percentage on line 5	6	00
7 Income tax liability paid to name of other state (use state's abbreviation) _____ See instructions	7	00
8 Double-taxed income taxable by other state. Enter the amount from Part I, line 1, column (c)	8	00
9 Adjusted gross income taxable by other state. See instructions	9	00
10 Divide line 8 by line 9 (100% maximum)	10	%
11 Multiply line 7 by the percentage on line 10	11	00
12 Other state tax credit. Enter the smaller of line 6 or line 11. Use Credit Code 187 . See instructions	12	00

Taxpayers may qualify for a credit for income taxes paid to another state when the same income that is taxed by the other state is also taxed by California. Other state income taxes which are paid to the other state do not necessarily have to be in the same year, as long as the taxes relate to the same transaction.

You must attach Schedule S, Other State Tax Credit, and a copy of your return(s) filed with the other state(s) to your California return. **Partners of partnerships, members of limited liability companies (LLCs) classified as partnerships for tax purposes, and shareholders of S corporations, see Section G, Pass-Through Entities for more information.**

For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, a husband, or a wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic “partner” and a California registered domestic “partnership,” as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

If you are an individual filing a California personal income tax return or an estate or trust filing a California fiduciary income tax return, use this form to claim a credit against California tax for net income taxes imposed by and paid to another state or U.S. possession.

Beneficiaries of estates or trusts, partners of partnerships, members of LLCs classified as partnerships, and shareholders of S corporations that paid a net income tax to another state on income that must be reported to California may also claim the other state tax credit. See Sections F, Dual-Resident Estates and Trusts, and G, Pass Through Entities, for more information.

B Application of the Credit

Credit is allowed for net income taxes paid to another state (not including any tax comparable to California's alternative minimum tax) on income that is also subject to California tax. The credit is applied against California net tax, less other credits. The credit cannot be applied against California alternative minimum tax.

When a joint return is filed in California, the entire amount of tax paid to the other state may be used in figuring the credit, regardless of which spouse/RDP paid the other state tax or whether a joint or separate return is filed in the other state.

When a joint return is filed in the other state and separate California returns are filed, the credit is allowed in proportion to the income reported on each California return.

If, after paying tax to the other state, you get a refund or credit due to an amended return, computation error, audit, etc., you must report the refund or credit immediately to the FTB. Prepare a revised Schedule S and attach it to any of the following:

- Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return, if you filed Form 540 or Long Form 540NR.
- Form 541, California Fiduciary Income Tax Return, if you filed Form 541. Check "Amended return" box below fiduciary address area on Side 1.

C California Residents

California resident individuals, estates, or trusts that derived income from sources within any of the following states or U.S. possessions and paid a net income tax to that state or U.S. possession on income that is also taxed by California may claim the other state tax credit:

Alabama, American Samoa, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire (business profits tax), New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Utah, Vermont, Virginia (dual residents*), Virgin Islands, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and the District of Columbia (unincorporated business tax and income tax, the latter for dual residents only).

California residents who are included in a group nonresident return similar to the return described in California Revenue & Taxation Code (R&TC) Section 18535, filed with the states listed above as well as Arizona, Indiana, Oregon, or Virginia may also claim a credit for their share of income taxes paid to these states, unless any of these states allow a credit for taxes paid to California on the group nonresident return.

*A dual resident is any taxpayer who is defined as a California resident under California law and a Virginia resident under Virginia law. If you are a dual resident, you are allowed to claim the other state tax credit for taxes paid to Virginia on Virginia source income. Dual residents who are elected or appointed officials and staff as defined in California R&TC Section 17014(b) may claim the other state tax credit for taxes paid to Virginia on all income taxed by Virginia whether or not it has a source in Virginia. (See Section H, Income from Sources Within the Other State.)

D California Nonresidents

California nonresident individuals, estates, or trusts that are residents of one of the following states or U.S. possessions and paid a net income tax to that state or U.S. possession on income that is also taxed by California may claim the other state tax credit:

Arizona, Guam, Indiana, Oregon, and Virginia.

California nonresidents who are residents of any state or U.S. possession not listed may not claim this credit.

E California Part-Year Residents

California part-year residents:

- Follow the instructions for residents for the part of the year that you were a California resident.
- Follow the instructions for nonresidents for the part of the year that you were a nonresident.

F Dual-Resident Estates and Trusts

An estate or trust may claim a credit if it is treated as a "resident" of California and also as a "resident" of another state. For this purpose an estate or trust is considered a resident of any state that taxes the trust or estate based on its net income. An estate or trust will not be considered a resident where the other state is taxing the entity solely because of income sourced in the other taxing state. The credit is limited to:

1. The proportion of the tax paid to the other state by the estate or trust that the double-taxed income bears to the entire income of the estate or trust.
2. The proportion of the estate's or trust's California tax that the double-taxed income bears to the total income taxed by California.

Beneficiary of an Estate or Trust

A beneficiary of an estate or trust who is a California resident and pays California tax on income that has been taxed to the estate or trust in another state may also claim the credit. The credit is limited to both of the following:

1. The proportion of the tax paid to the other state by the estate or trust that the income taxed to the beneficiary in California and also to the estate or trust in the other state bears to the entire income of the estate or trust.
2. The proportion of the beneficiary's California tax that the income taxed to the beneficiary in California and also to the estate or trust in the other state bears to the beneficiary's total income taxed by California.

G Pass-Through Entities

A partner is allowed a credit for the partner's share of net income taxes paid by the partnership to another state. A shareholder of an S corporation is allowed a credit for the shareholder's share of taxes on or measured by income paid by the S corporation to another state that either does not allow S corporation elections or imposes tax on S corporations. A member of an LLC classified as a partnership is allowed a credit for the member's distributive share of net income taxes paid by the LLC to another state.

Attach a copy of Schedules K-1 (100S, 565, or 568), Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc., and a schedule showing your share of the net income tax paid to the other state.

H Income from Sources Within the Other State

Residents of California may claim a credit for net income taxes imposed by and paid to another state only on income which has a source within the other state.

For this purpose, California's sourcing principles apply even though the results may be contrary to the other states' principles. The following describes the sources of various types of income:

- Compensation for services rendered by employees or independent contractors has a source where the services are performed.
- Income from tangible personal property and real estate has a source where the property is located.
- Income from intangible personal property (such as interest and dividends) generally has a source where the owner resides.
- Business income has a source where the business is conducted.

Those persons subject to tax as California residents solely by reason of the California R&TC Section 17014(b) (holders of federal elective offices, certain Presidential appointees, and Congressional staff members) may base their credit computation on income taxed by the other state, regardless of its source.

Get FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status – 2008, for additional information concerning source income.

- **Internet** – You can download, view, and print FTB Pub. 1031 (or other California tax forms and publications) from our website at ftb.ca.gov.
- **Phone** – Call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Forms and Publications." Enter code 941 when instructed to do so. Please allow two weeks to receive your order. If you live outside California, please allow three weeks to receive your order.
- **Mail** – Write to:
TAX FORMS REQUEST UNIT
FRANCHISE TAX BOARD
PO BOX 307
RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-0307

Specific Line Instructions

Credit from more than one state – If you have a credit from more than one state, figure the credit separately by completing a separate Schedule S for each state. Add the credits from each state and enter the total on a separate Schedule S, line 12. You must attach the schedules to your return.

Part I – Double-Taxed Income

Double-taxed income is income taxed by California and the other state. In Part I, provide a breakdown of your double-taxed income by income item and amount. In column (a), identify the income item, such as wages earned in another state while a California resident, gain on sale of real estate, ABC Partnership ordinary income, etc. In column (b), enter the amount of income from that item taxed by California. In column (c), enter the amount of income from that item taxed by the other state.

For residents of California, the income that is taxed by the other state must also have a source in the other state. See Section H, Income from Sources Within the Other State, for a description of the source of various types of income.

Nonresidents of California should enter in column (b) only the amount of double-taxed income that is included in Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments — Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents, line 37, column E. In column (c), enter only the amount of double-taxed income that is included in adjusted gross income taxed by your state of residence.

Line 1 — Combine the amounts in column (b) and column (c). Enter the totals on this line and in Part II, line 3, and line 8 respectively.

Part II — Figure Your Other State Tax Credit

Line 2 — Enter your California tax liability from:

- Residents — Form 540, line 30 (without other state tax credit).
- Nonresidents — Long Form 540NR, line 37 (without other state tax credit).
- Estates and Trusts — Form 541, line 25 (without other state tax credit).

Line 4 — Enter your California adjusted gross income from:

- Residents — Form 540, line 17, and any lump-sum distribution from Schedule G-1.
- Nonresidents — Long Form 540NR, line 21, and any California source lump-sum distribution from Schedule G-1.
- Estates and Trusts — Enter your adjusted gross income determined for purposes of the two percent limitation of your miscellaneous itemized deductions. See Form 541, line 15b instructions.

Line 7 — Enter the income tax liability net of all credits (R&TC 17039) paid to the other state. **Do not include any of the following:**

- Taxes paid to any local government, such as a city or county.
- Taxes paid to the federal government.
- Taxes paid to any foreign country.
- Any tax comparable to California's alternative minimum tax paid to another state.
- Tax on net passive income, built in gains tax, gross income tax, and any special tax paid to another state (S corporation).

Line 9 — Adjusted gross income taxed by the other state:

- Residents — Enter only those items of total adjusted gross income taxed by the other state.
- Nonresidents — Enter total adjusted gross income taxed by the other state.
- Estates and Trusts — Enter only those items of total adjusted gross income taxed by the other state.

Adjusted gross income includes all items of income and loss but does not include itemized deductions, standard deduction, deductions for federal income taxes, or personal exemptions.

Line 12 — The amount of this credit you may claim on your tax return may be limited further. Refer to the credit instructions in your California tax booklet to see if there are any limitations on the amount of credit you may claim. These instructions also explain how to claim this credit on your tax return. You must use credit code number **187** when you claim this credit.